

ADVENT TERM FRENCH – Year 3 - Medium Term Planning – French greetings with puppets		
<u>LESSON 1/2</u>	<u>LESSON 3/4</u>	<u>LESSON 5/6</u>
<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that ‘bonjour’ means hello and ‘salut’ means hi.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. <p>Aim: Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.</p>	<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that ‘bonjour’ can be used for good morning, ‘bonsoir’ means good evening and ‘bonne nuit’ mean good night.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words. <p>Aim: Speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation.</p>	<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that most feeling words in French start with ‘ça va’.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. <p>Aim: Speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation.</p>
<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bonjour hello/good morning (formal) Salut hi (informal) je m’appelle... my name is... comment tu t’appelles ? what’s your name? au revoir goodbye 	<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bonjour hello/good morning bonsoir good evening bonne nuit good night 	<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ça va ?/comment ça va ? how are you? ça va bien I’m well, I’m fine ça va très bien I’m very well, I’m really good ça va mal I’m not well, I’m bad, I’m not fine, it’s not going well (not ill) ça va très mal I’m really not well, I’m really not fine, it’s going badly (not ill) comme ci comme ça so so,/ok

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • c'est... it is... • oui yes • non non
Recap & retrieval:	Recall & retrieval: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use it in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use it in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelle is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. 	Recall & retrieval: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use it in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use it in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelle is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. • Bonsoir means good evening. • Bonne nuit means goodnight.
Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use this in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use this in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelles ? is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. Teacher: As above + bien (good) and super (great) to praise children with.	Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonsoir means good evening. • Bonne nuit means goodnight. Teacher: As above.	Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We start most feelings phrases with 'ca va' and then an extra word – eg. Bien/mal. • When we feel 'ok', we say 'comme ci, comme ca'. • To ask how someone feels, we say 'ca va ?' Teacher: As above.

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LESSON 7/8	LESSON 9/10	LESSON 11/12
<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that cognates are words that sound or look the same in French.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words. <p>Aim: Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.</p>	<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that adjectives of colour come after the noun.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied. <p>Aim: Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.</p>	<p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that adjectives of size come before the noun.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including key features and patterns of the language. <p>Aim: Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.</p>
<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rouge red Bleu blue Jaune yellow Vert green Orange orange Violet violet Blanc white Noir black Rose pink Brun brown Et and 	<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> un cercle a circle un triangle a triangle un rectangle a rectangle un carré a square 	<p>Key Vocabulary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> petit small grand big

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • c'est it is 		
Recall & retrieval: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use it in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use it in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelle is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. • Bonsoir means good evening. • Bonne nuit means goodnight. • We start most feelings phrases with 'ca va' and then an extra word – eg. Bien/mal. • When we feel 'ok', we say 'comme ci, comme ca'. • To ask how someone feels, we say 'ca va ?' 	Recall & retrieval: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use it in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use it in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelle is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. • Bonsoir means good evening. • Bonne nuit means goodnight. • We start most feelings phrases with 'ca va' and then an extra word – eg. Bien/mal. • When we feel 'ok', we say 'comme ci, comme ca'. • To ask how someone feels, we say 'ca va ?' • Cognates are words that sound similar to the English translation. 	Recall & retrieval: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bonjour means hello and we use it in formal situations. • Salut means hi and we use it in informal situations. • Je m'appelle means my name is... • Comment tu t'appelle is how you ask someone's name. • Au revoir means goodbye. • Bonsoir means good evening. • Bonne nuit means goodnight. • We start most feelings phrases with 'ca va' and then an extra word – eg. Bien/mal. • When we feel 'ok', we say 'comme ci, comme ca'. • To ask how someone feels, we say 'ca va ?' • Cognates are words that sound similar to the English translation. • Adjectives of colour come after the noun.
Assessment Cumulative Quiz. Retrieval Practice. Kapow assessment tasks.		