PENTECOST TERM 1		
SCIENCE – Year 2	- Medium Term Planning - BIOLOGY: PLANTS	

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LESSON 1	LESSON 2	LESSON 3		
LEARNING INTENTION:	LEARNING INTENTION:	LEARNING INTENTION:		
To know that plants have different parts. (RECAP FROM YEAR 1)	To know that plants grow in different habitats.	To know that seeds and bulbs need water and warmth to germinate.		
 Disciplinary Knowledge: Identify and group things they observe, with support. 	 Disciplinary Knowledge: Ask simple questions to recognise that plants have different needs to survive. Observe and describe the different areas where plants grow. 	 Disciplinary Knowledge: Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways. Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. 		
Aim: Develop scientific knowledge and conceptual understanding through the specific disciplines of biology.	Aim: Develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them.	Aim: Develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them.		
Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:		
root, leaf, stem, flower, petal, fruit,	habitat, microhabitat, seasons, changes,	germination, seed, bulb, water, warmth,		
trunk, bark, branches	observations, desert, meadow,	plants, leaves, flowers, basal plate,		
	woodland, hedgerow	embryo, tunic		
Recap & retrieval	Recap & retrieval	Recap & retrieval		

•	Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal
	and fruit.

- Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves.
- Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal and fruit.
- Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves.
- A habitat is a place where a living thing lives and grows.

Key Knowledge:

Child:

- Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal and fruit.
- Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves.
- Many plants grow from seeds or bulbs.

Teacher:

- Objects, materials and living things can be looked at, compared and grouped according to their features.
- Different plants grow in different habitats and change with the seasons.

Key Knowledge:

Child:

- A habitat is a place where a living thing lives and grows.
- Grass grows with different success rates in different areas.

Teacher:

- Cacti grow in desert habitats.
- Daisies grow in meadow habitats.
- Bluebells grow in woodland habitats.

Key Knowledge:

Child:

- Seeds and bulbs need water and warmth to start growing (germinate).
- A bulb contains a tiny plant and all the food needed to grow.
- The flowers of plants produce seeds.

Teacher:

- Seeds also form inside cones.
- Spring bulbs can start to grow in winter when the ground is frozen.
- Plants grow from seeds and bulbs.
- As the plant grows bigger, it develops leaves and flowers.
- The flowers on some plants develop into fruit that contains seeds.

PENTECOST TERM 1 SCIENCE – Year 2 - Medium Term Planning – BIOLOGY: PLANTS				
LESSON 4	LESSON 5	LESSON 6		
LEARNING INTENTION: To know that plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	LEARNING INTENTION: To know that not all plants grow in soil.	LEARNING INTENTION: To know that some plants grow at different rates.		
Disciplinary Knowledge: • Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. Aim: Develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them.	Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways. Aim: Are equipped with the scientific	 Disciplinary Knowledge: Perform simple tests. Observe closely using simple equipment. Gather and record data to help in answering questions. Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Aim: Develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them.		

Key Vocabulary: shade, flower bud, sunlight, survive, temperature, water, warmth	Key Vocabulary: succulent, hydroponic, parasite, nutrients	Key Vocabulary: compare, conclusion, record, results, observe, measure, data
Recap & retrieval • Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal	Recap & retrieval • Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal	Recap & retrieval • Plants have roots, stems, leaves, flower, petal and
 and fruit. Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves. A habitat is a place where a living thing lives and grows. Seeds and bulbs need water and warmth to start growing (germinate). 	 and fruit. Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves. A habitat is a place where a living thing lives and grows. Seeds and bulbs need water and warmth to start growing (germinate). Plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow healthy. 	 fruit. Trees have roots, a trunk, bark, branches and leaves. A habitat is a place where a living thing lives and grows. Seeds and bulbs need water and warmth to start growing (germinate). Plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow healthy. Plants that live in hot, dry deserts are called succulents.
Key Knowledge:	Key Knowledge:	Key Knowledge:
 Child: Plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow healthy. Without any of these things the plants will die. Teacher: Shady areas and boggy areas will have an effect on the growth rate. 	 Plants that get their nutrients from animals, are known as carnivorous plants. Plants that live in hot, dry deserts are called succulents. Teacher: Strawberries can grow in water (hydroponic). Plants that grow on other plants and take their food are called parasites. 	 Child: Tests can be carried out by following a simple set of instructions. Data can be recorded in different ways. Teacher: A prediction is a guess of what might happen in an investigation.

Lithops are plants that do not need much water (succulents).	